



Abu Dhabi Blue Carbon and Ecosystem Services

Lessons Learnt and Findings
October 2014



Ecosystems Studied

Seagrass meadows

Saltmarshes

Intertidal cyanobacterial mats

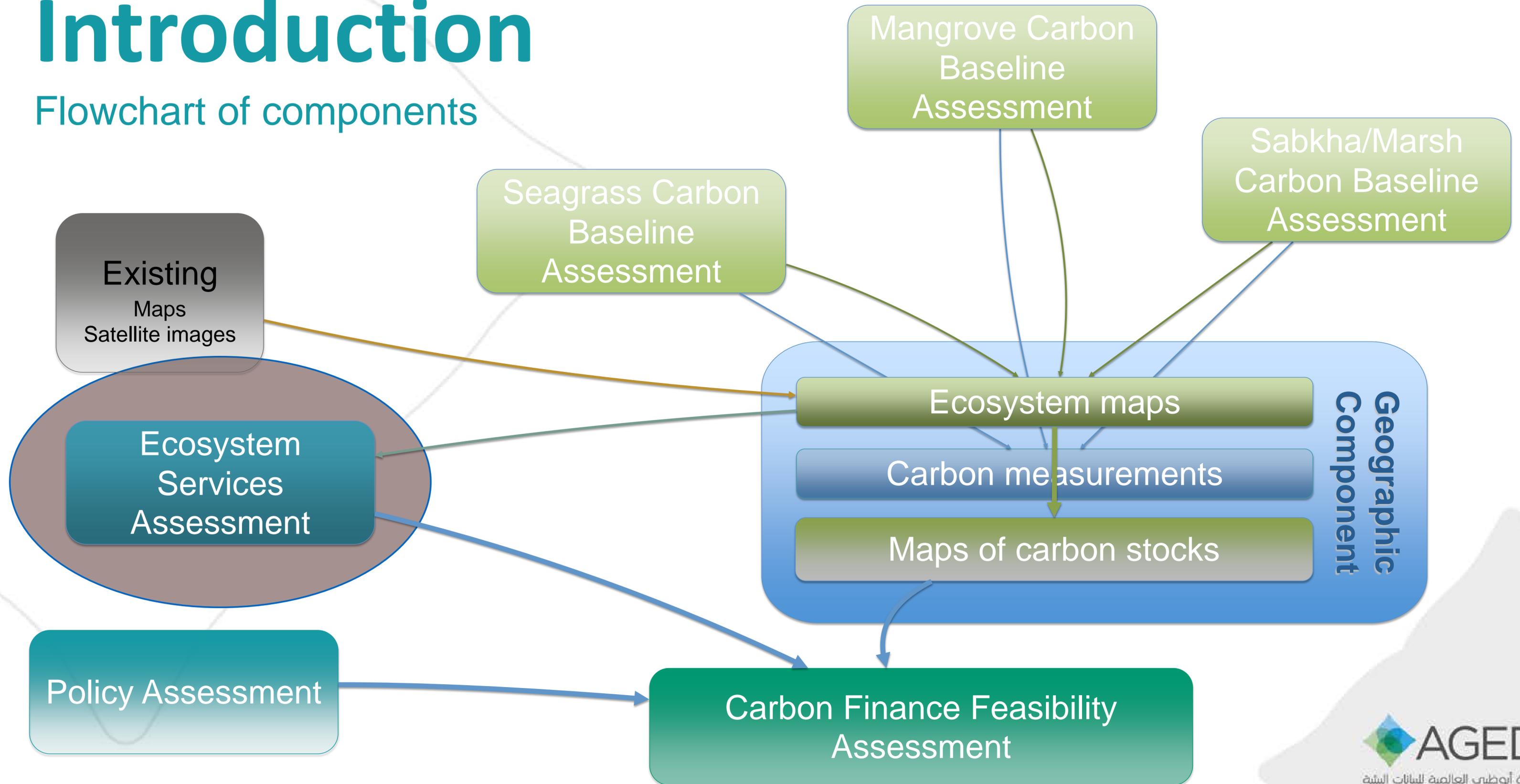
Coastal Sabkha

Mangroves



Introduction

Flowchart of components



Ecosystem services

Particularly relevant ecosystem services in Abu Dhabi

- Shoreline and channel stabilisation
- Water quality maintenance
- Fisheries production
- Support to biodiversity, ecotourism and recreation
- Cultural and social values

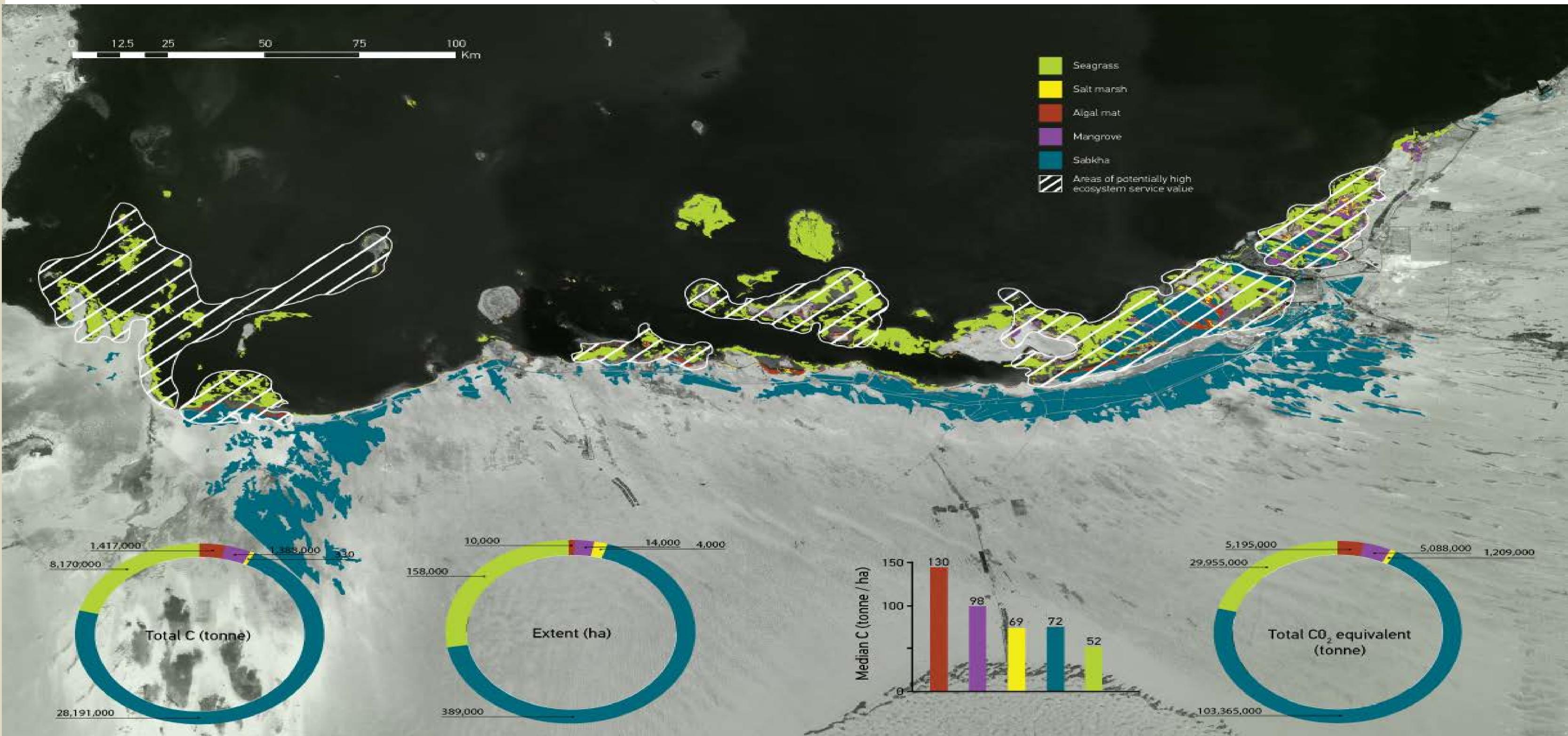


Habitat Validation Protocol

- Allow practitioners to score variability in service provisioning capacity per habitat per region.
- A methodology that can provide a rapid assessment of habitat condition, quality, and ecological integrity;
- Scoring per habitat that will be used to qualify the capacity of different sites and areas to provide ecosystem services;
- An assessment that can help to identify impacted or compromised habitat
- Management recommendations to improve the conditions of specific habitat attributes that maintain ecosystem function and provisioning of services.



Highest concentration of ecosystem services beyond BC



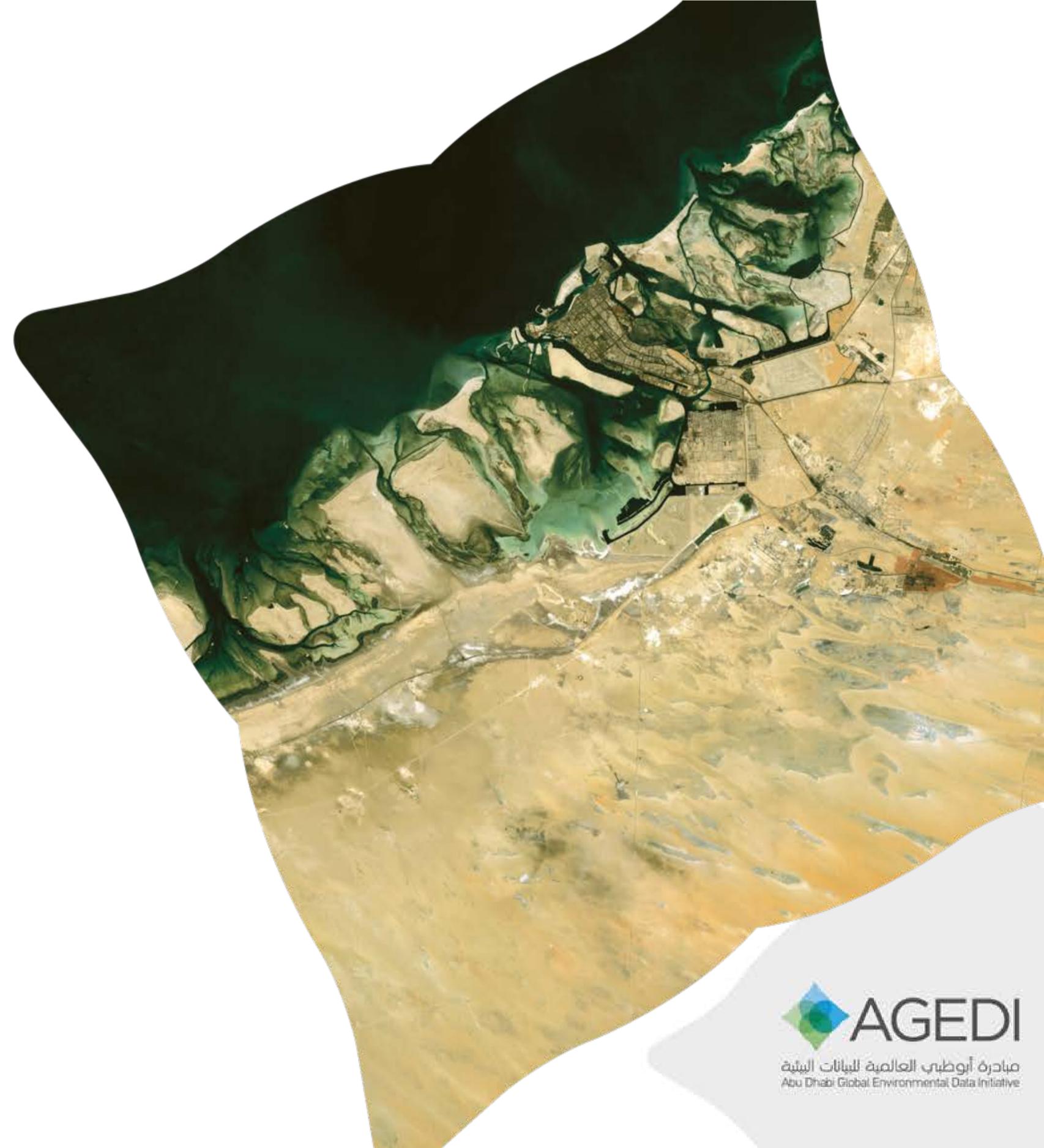
Financial options

Finding feasible financial mechanisms

Ecosystem Services

- Economic value of Protected Areas established, over 25 years
≈ US\$ 2,000,000,000
- Protected Area Costs
≈ US\$ 700'000'000

Strong case for conservation.

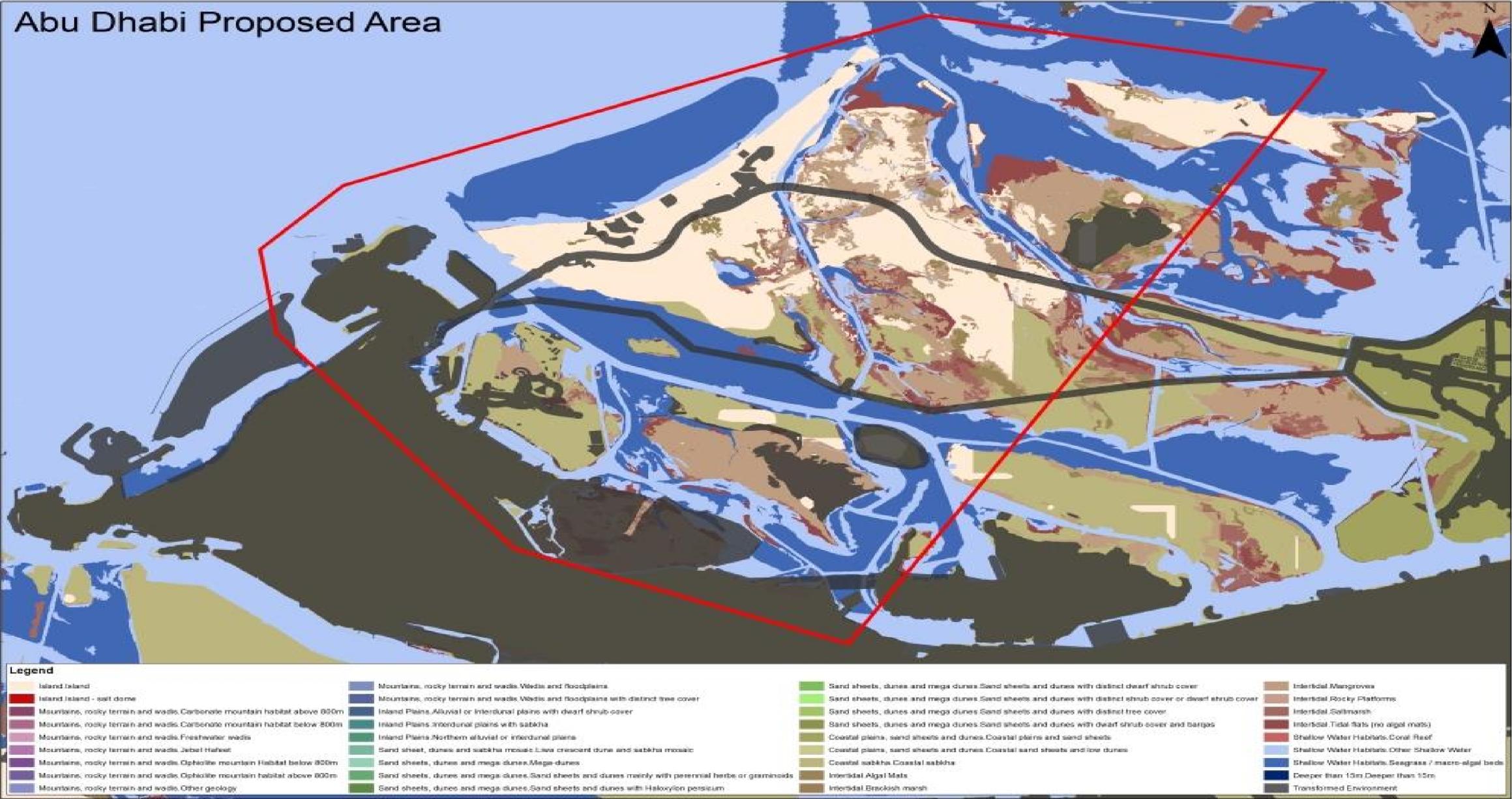


Abu Dhabi Associated Blue Carbon Ecosystem Services Contingent Valuation Project

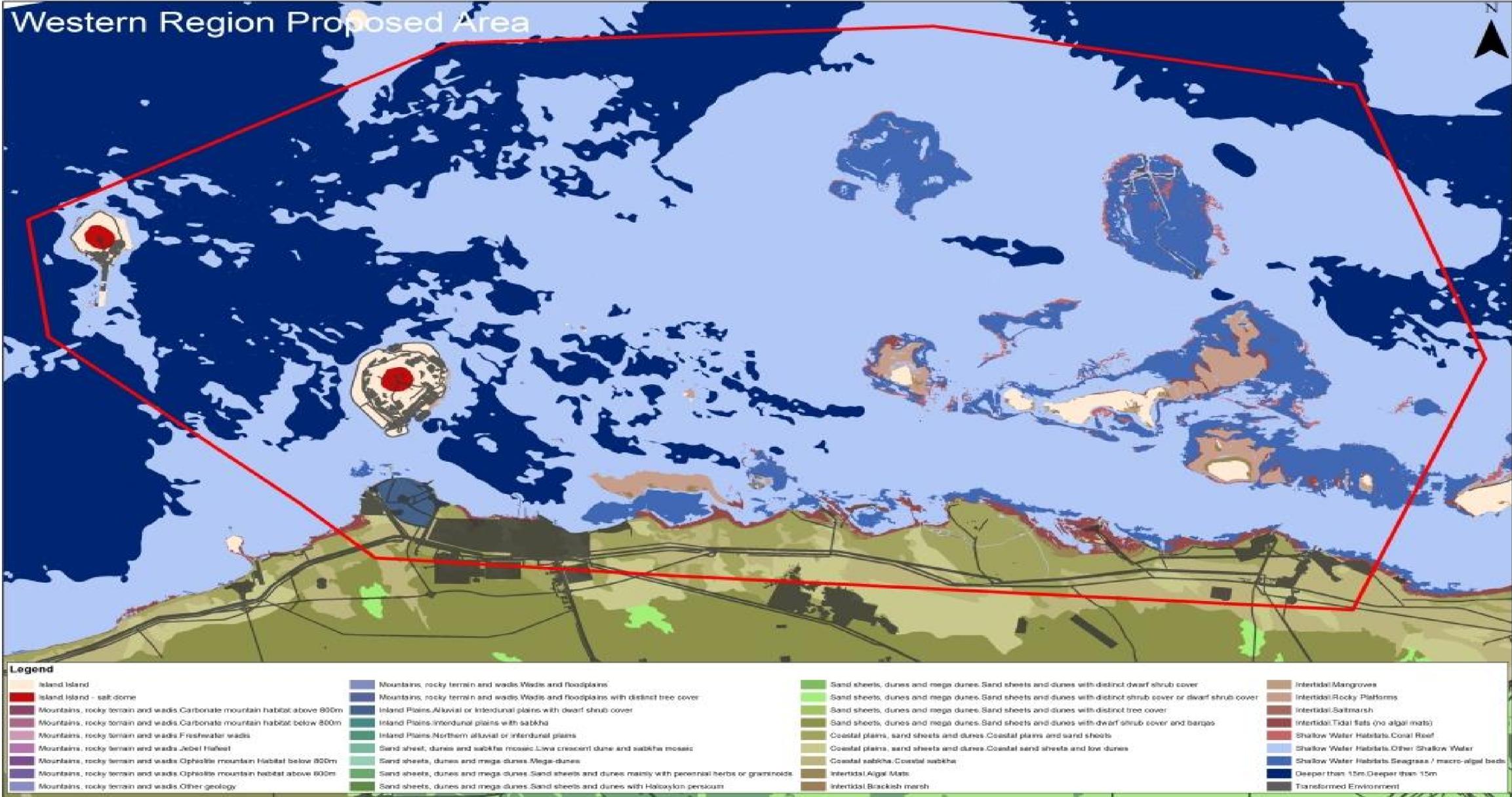
The Objective: provide further localized valuation of associated blue carbon ecosystem services within two study areas to better inform management decisions.

- Timeframe of the project is 18 weeks from mid-August to Dec 31st 2014.
- The project will be implemented by a project team from Hyder's Abu Dhabi office. Supported by natural resource economists from Futureworks Sustainability Consultancy: Myles Mander and Professor James Blignaut.
- Peer review of the Ecosystem Services Assessment Report will be undertaken by Dr. Tundi Agardy.

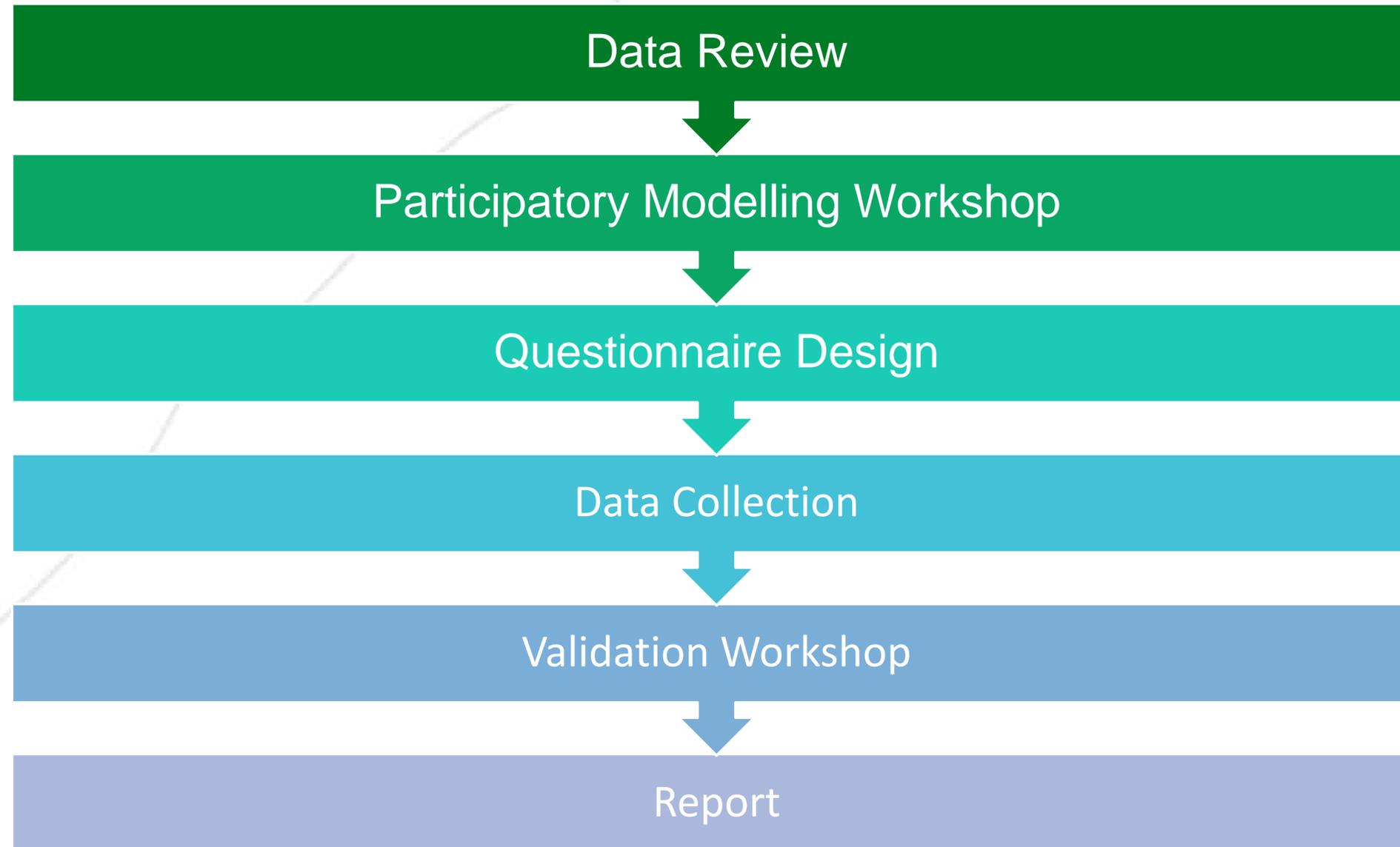
The Abu Dhabi City Study Area (red line boundary)



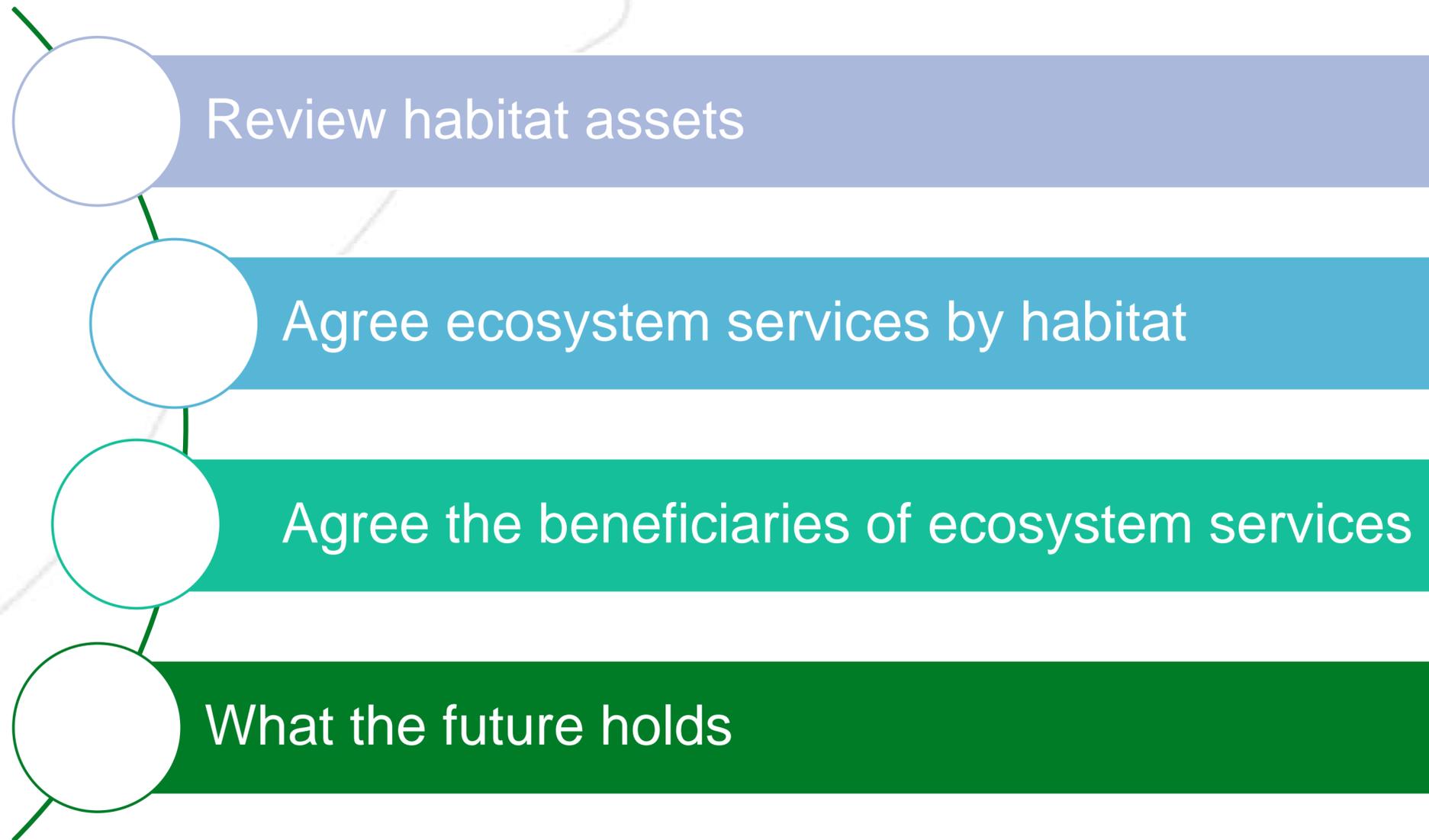
The Western Region Study Area (red line boundary)



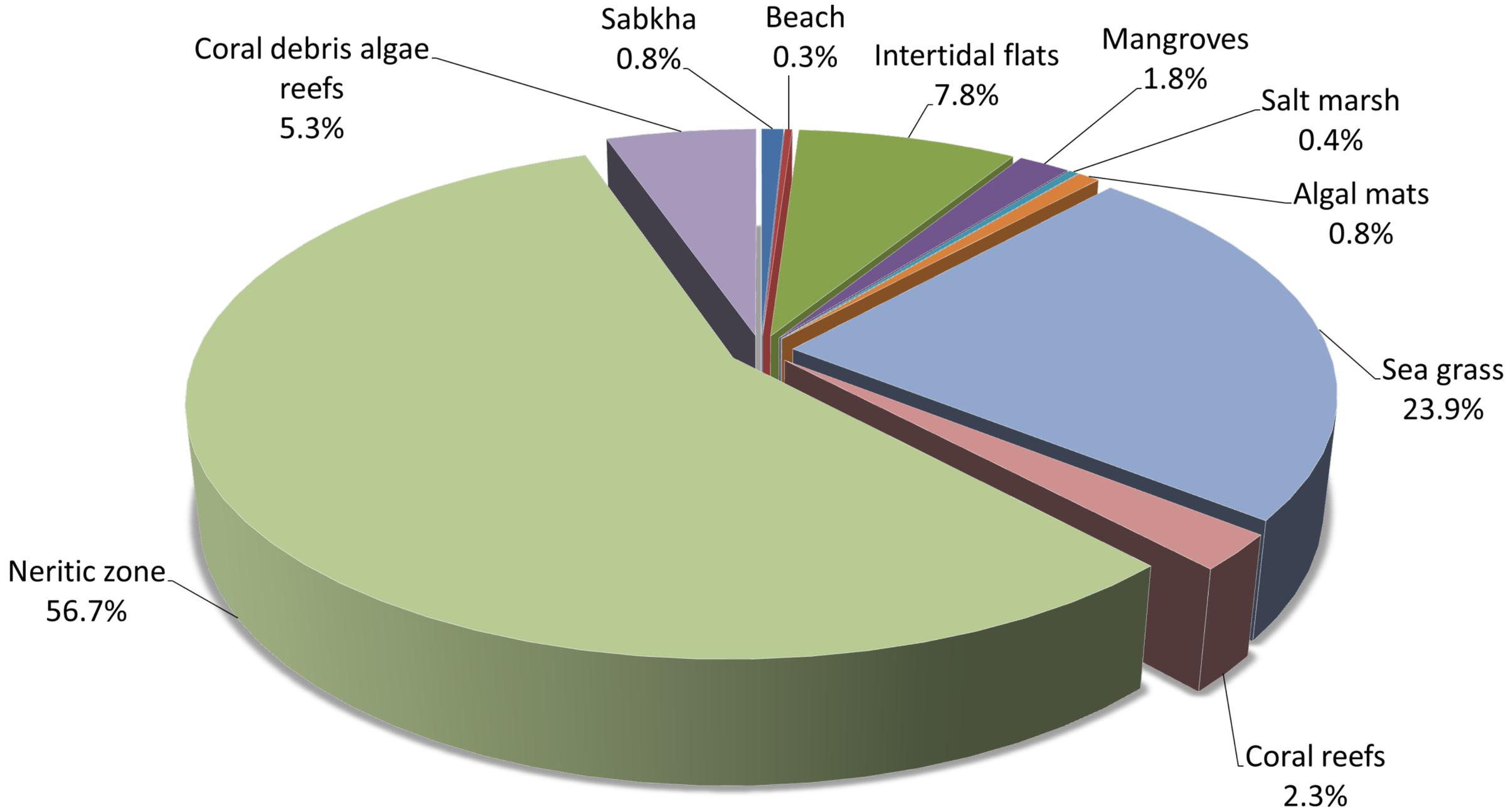
Project Structure



Workshop approach..



Relative Area of Habitat Assets within the Combined Study Areas



Land Cover Types Showing Existing and Possible Future Condition and Size

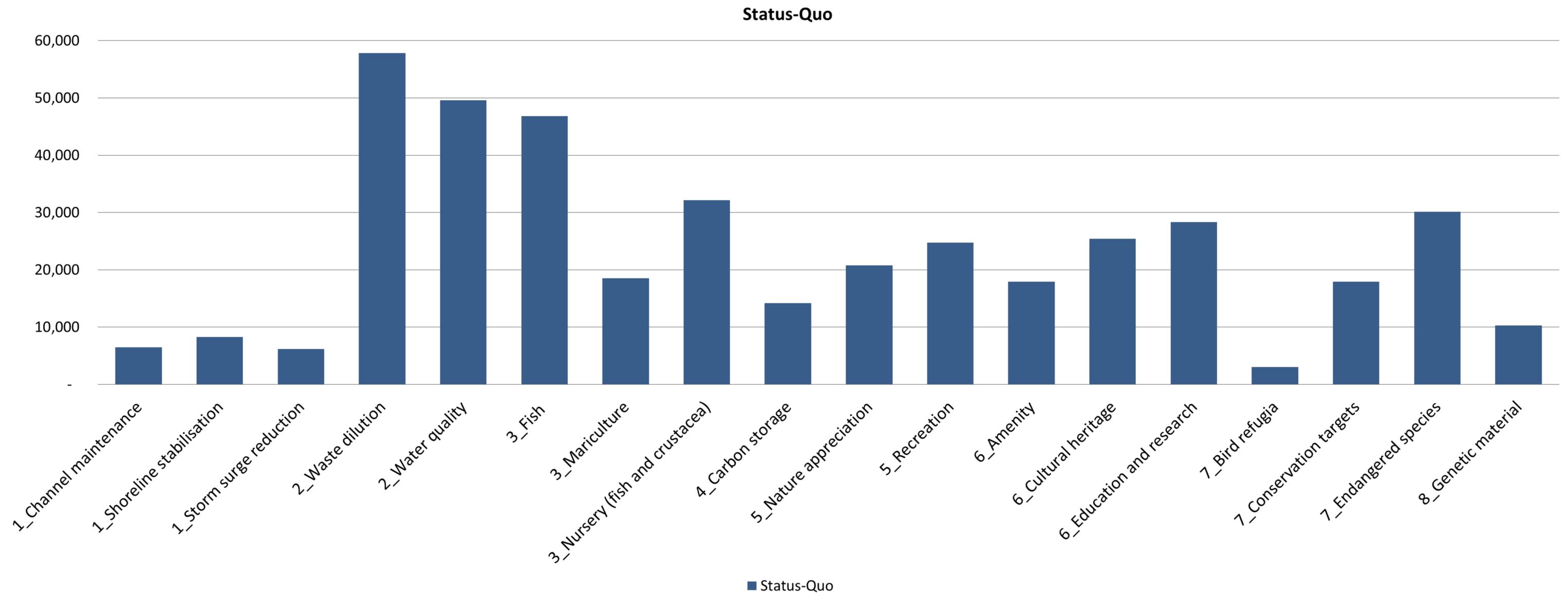
Status-Quo										
ECOLOGICAL ASSETS	Sabkha	Beach	Intertidal flats	Mangroves	Salt marsh	Algal mats	Sea grass	Coral reefs	Neritic zone	Coral debris algae reefs
Ecological condition - score relative to its potential - 4 to 0	1.8	2.3	2.7	3.2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.1	2.8	2.0
Size - area in km ²	14.8	5.0	146.2	34.6	6.8	14.8	450.2	43.5	1067.4	100.0
Percentage of total	0.8%	0.3%	7.8%	1.8%	0.4%	0.8%	23.9%	2.3%	56.7%	5.3%
Landscape context - score 0 to 4 (major regional ecological linkages = 4)	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.7	2.0	3.0	3.3	2.3	3.3	2.7
OVERALL FUNCTIONALITY	44	21	750	200	24	72	2 341	156	5 930	360
Scenario 1 - 2030 Likely future										
Ecological condition - score relative to its potential - 4 to 0	1.5	2.0	2.7	3.0	2.0	2.6	2.0	1.0	1.8	2.0
Size - area in km ²	10.3	6.3	119.5	52.0	3.4	14.8	360.2	15.0	1067.4	128.5
Percentage of total	0.6%	0.4%	6.7%	2.9%	0.2%	0.8%	20.3%	0.8%	60.1%	7.2%
Landscape context - score 0 to 4 (major regional ecological linkages = 4)	2.33	2.67	3.00	2.67	2.00	3.00	3.33	2.33	3.33	2.67
OVERALL FUNCTIONALITY	26	23	613	281	11	72	1 441	26	3 843	463
Scenario 2 - 2030 Elevated management										
Ecological condition - score relative to its potential - 4 to 0	1.8	3.0	2.7	3.2	2.2	2.6	3.0	3.0	2.8	0
Size - area in km ²	14.8	5.0	146.2	52.0	6.8	14.8	450.2	143.5	1067.4	0.0
Percentage of total	0.8%	0.3%	7.7%	2.7%	0.4%	0.8%	23.7%	7.5%	56.2%	0.0%
Landscape context - score 0 to 4 (major regional ecological linkages = 4)	2.33	2.67	3.00	2.67	2.00	3.00	3.33	2.33	3.33	0
OVERALL FUNCTIONALITY	44	27	750	299	24	72	2701	732	5930	0

Ecosystem Services Supply Potential per Habitat Asset in Pristine Condition

ECOSYSTEM SERVICES	Sabkha	Beach	Intertidal flats	Mangroves	Salt marsh	Algal mats	Sea grass	Coral reefs	Neritic zone	Coral debris algae reefs
1_Channel maintenance	0	0	0	4	2	1	2	1	0	2
1_Shoreline stabilisation	1	1	2	4	3	2	2	2	0	2
1_Storm surge reduction	3	4	2	3	3	1	1	2	0	2
2_Waste dilution	0	0	1	2	1	2	3	3	4	3
2_Water quality	1	1	3	3	2	4	4	2	3	3
3_Fish	0	1	2	2	0	0	3	4	3	3
3_Mariculture	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
3_Nursery (fish and crustacea)	0	1	3	4	0	3	4	4	3	3
4_Carbon storage	3	0	2	3	2	4	2	2	1	2
5_Nature appreciation	1	2	3	4	2	1	2	4	2	1
5_Recreation	0	4	1	3	0	0	2	3	3	1
6_Amenity	0	4	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	1
6_Cultural heritage	1	3	2	3	1	1	2	2	3	1
6_Education and research	3	4	2	4	2	2	3	3	3	1
7_Bird refugia	1	2	3	3	2	1	0	0	0	0
7_Conservation targets	1	4	3	3	3	3	3	4	1	3
7_Endangered species	2	3	2	1	1	2	4	4	3	1
8_Genetic material	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	1

Findings

Relative Ecosystem Service Levels for the Status Quo



(Cont.) Findings

Future scenarios

Scenario 1: 2030 Likely Future

Scenario 2: 2030 Natural Capital Restoration or 'Elevated Management'



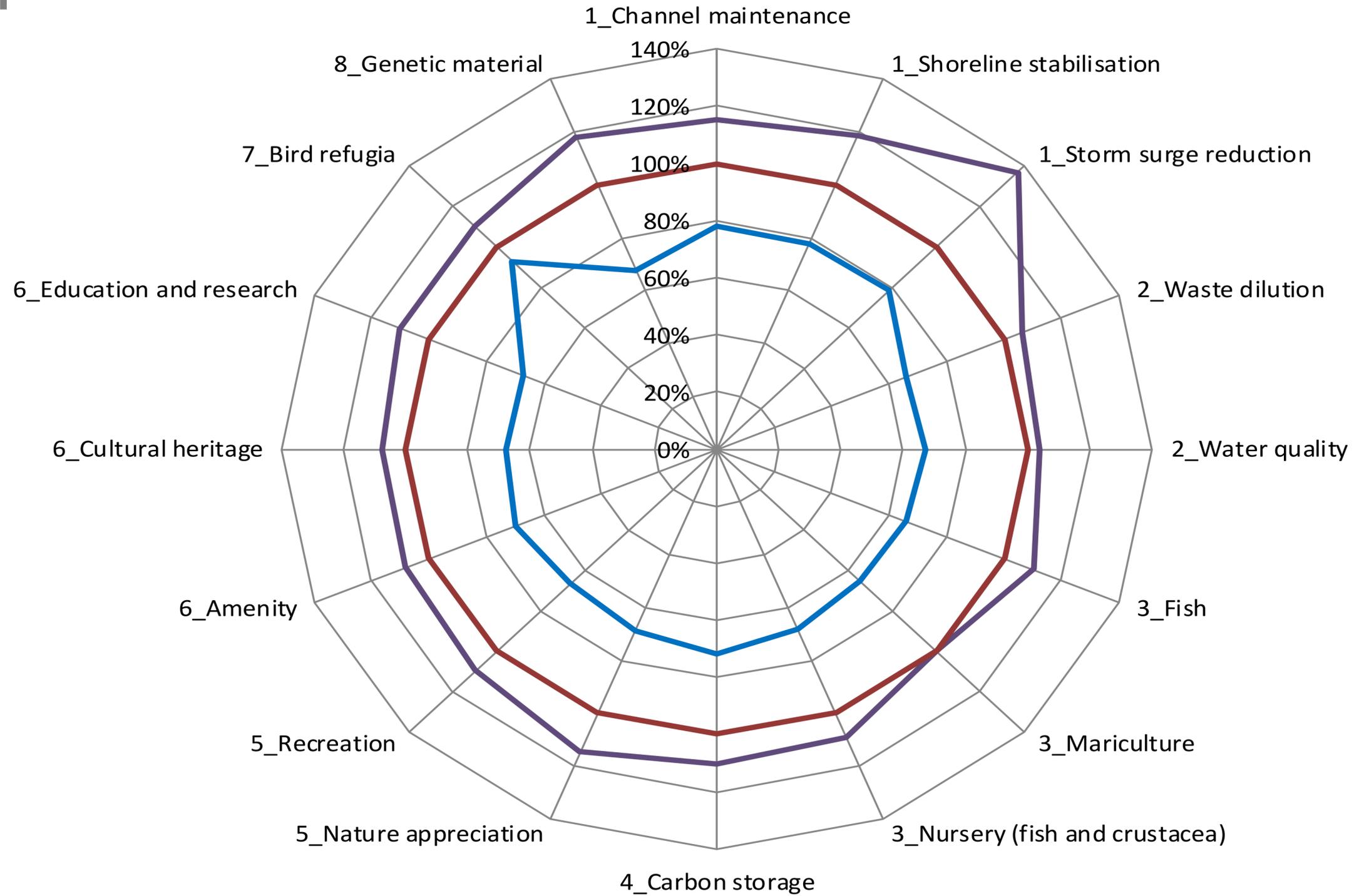


Percentage Change in Service Levels in Two Future Scenarios

Scenario 2 - 2030 Elevated management

Scenario 1 - 2030 Likely future

Status-Quo



Next steps...

